





Underground Sun Conversion

HIPS-Net Workshop, June 14th 2018

Stephan BAUER, Head of Green Gas Technology

RAG, Schwarzenbergplatz 16, A-1015 Vienna, Austria, www.rag-austria.at





RAG Austria AG - Company Profile

- Among leading Underground Gas Storage Operators
- State of the art and most innovative Storage Operator
- Storage volume 66 TWh (6,0 bcm)
- Unload capacity 30 GW

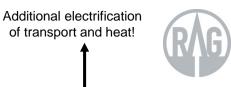


Our vision:

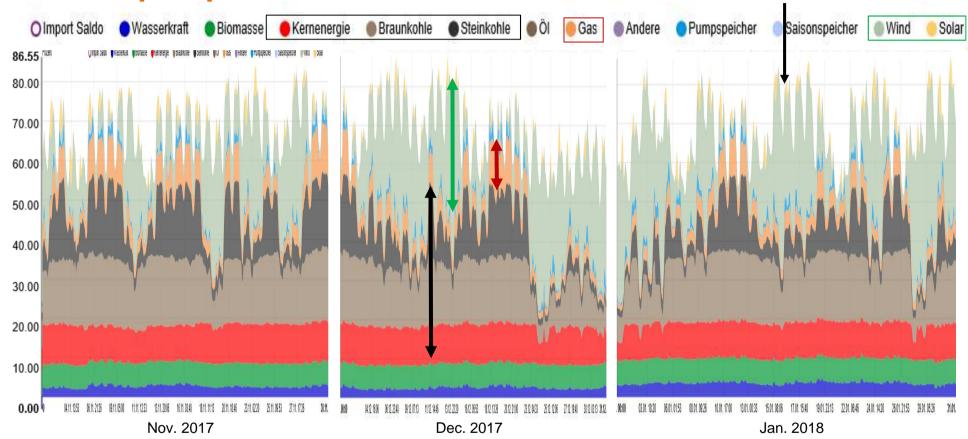
Positioning RAG's assets in a changing energy system







Future perspective for UGS services



- Substitution of coal and nuclear power with wind, PV and (green) gas
- Required securing with gas power plants:

Gas to Power

Required management of surplus:

Power to Gas

Both leads to demand of storage capacities

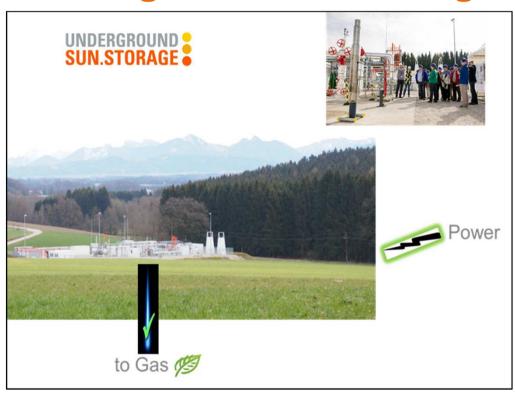
Quelle: energy-charts.de

3





Underground Sun Storage



No negative influence on the existing storage facility

- ➤ Used steel grades take 10 vol. % of hydrogen
- > Suitable elastomers available
- ➤ Cementation of wellbore does not react with hydrogen

Integrity of porous gas storages not threatened by hydrogen

- ➤ No migration through cap rock or cementation of the wellbore
- ➤ No H₂S generation
- ➤ No alteration of reservoir rock
- Microbial reactions can be handled





Conclusion – Sun Storage Field Experiment

- Laboratory tests and "in situ" experiments suggest a natural conversion of Hydrogen and CO2 to Methane (= natural gas) in suitable underground gas reservoirs
- Due to these results the follow up project
 Underground Sun Conversion was initiated:
- renewable natural gas made in the reservoir by an natural microbial process
- = Geological history in fast motion
 - recreation of natural genesis of gas

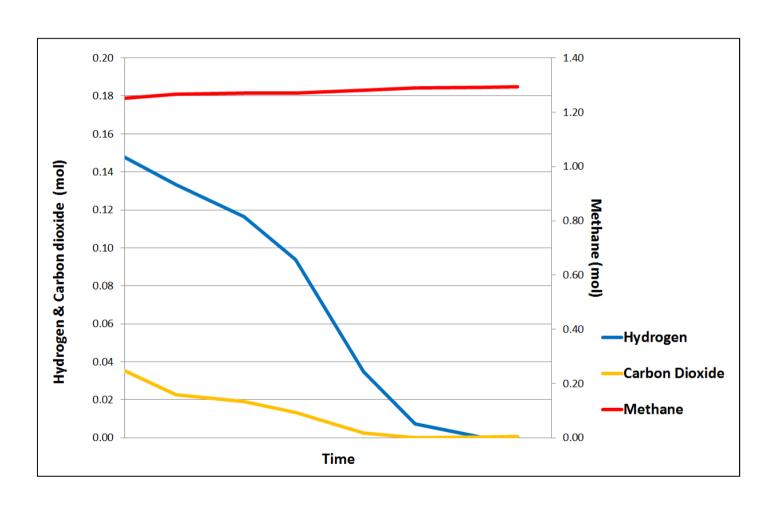






University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences, Vienna

Changes in gas composition



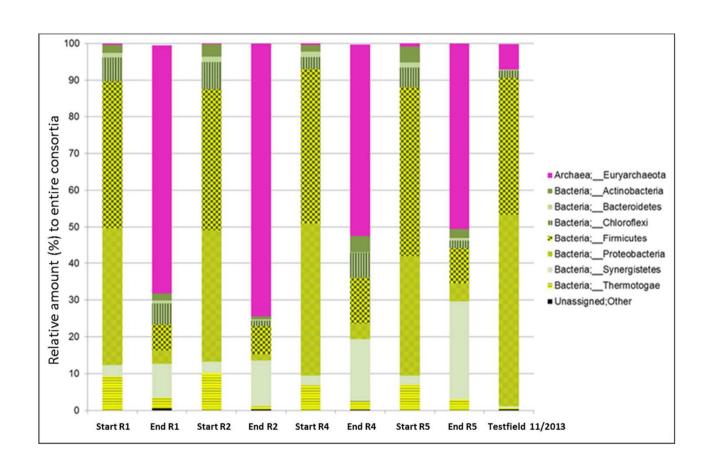






University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences, Vienna

Changes in microbiology







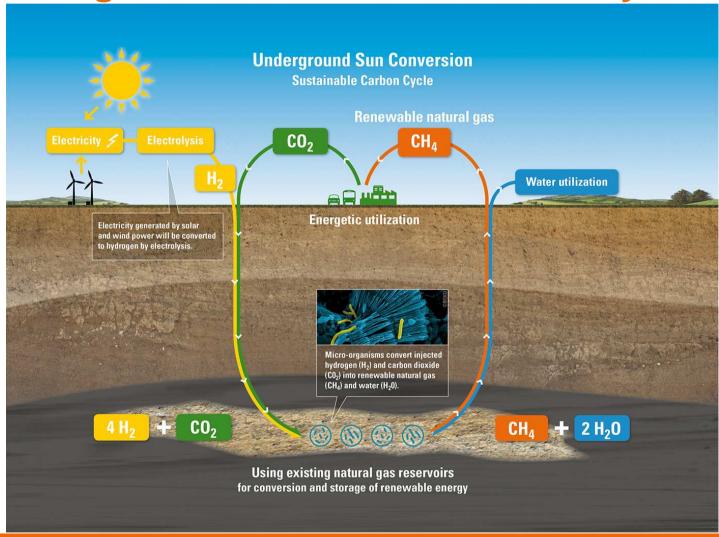
Underground Sun Conversion - Concept







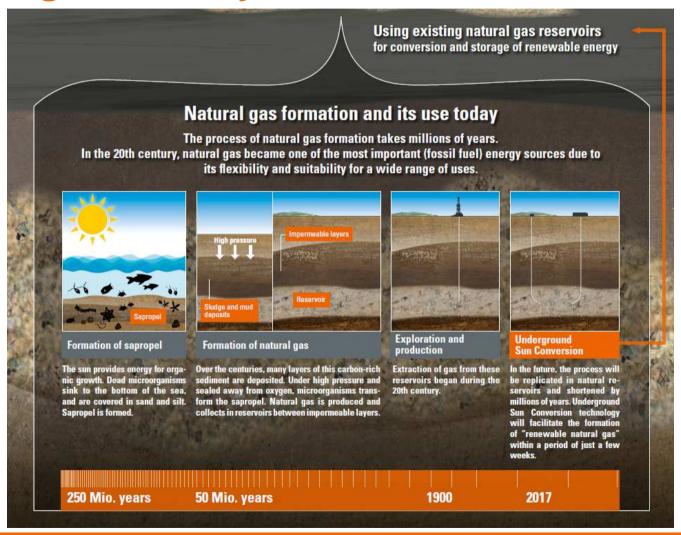
Natural gas in a sustainable Carbon cycle







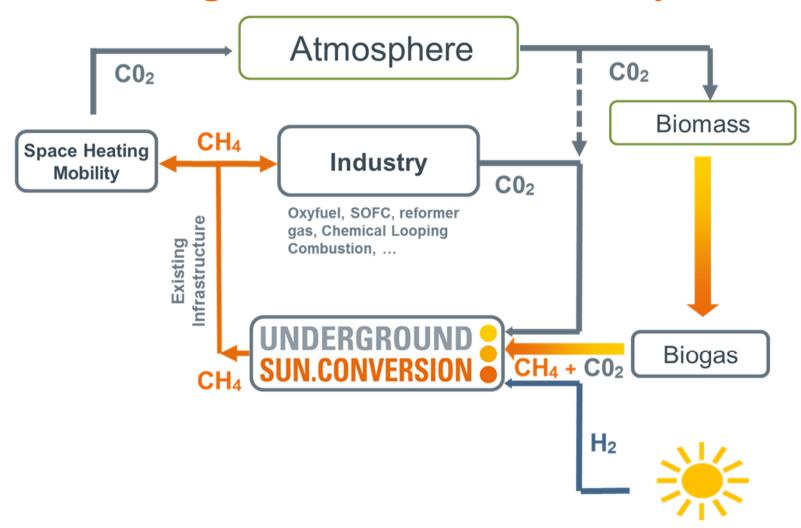
Geological history in fast motion





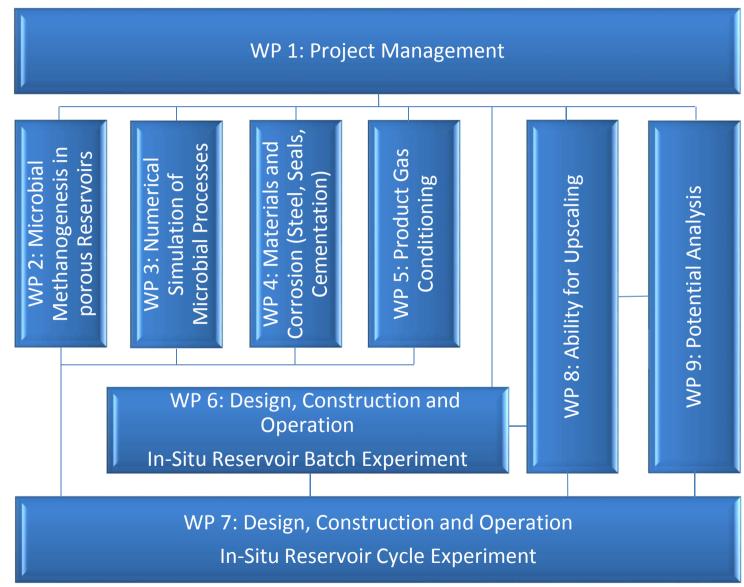


Establishing a Sustainable Carbon Cycle





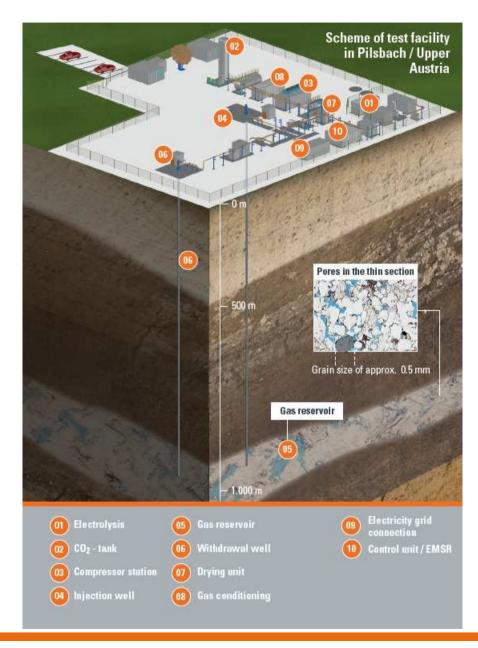






Schematic View















- 03/2017: Start of project
- 01/2018: Approval by public authorities
- 03/2018: Start construction works
- 09/2018: Start batch experiments
- 02/2019: Drilling 2nd well
- 05/2019: Start cycle experiments
- 02/2021: End of project





High potential for the future

- Establishing a sustainable carbon cycle
- Seasonal storage of renewable energy
- Future use for existing infrastructure (grids, storages, appliances)
- Renewable gas for heat market and mobility
- Import of renewable energy to Europe as gas
 - Decarbonizing despite missing production potentials



Projektpartner:



















Underground Sun Conversion – Contact

 Stephan Bauer; Head of Green Gas Technology (+43-50724-5377; stephan.bauer@rag-austria.at)

- www.underground-sun-storage.at
- www.underground-sun-conversion.at



Thank you for your kind Attention!